Waller Brothers

JUDSONIA, ARKANSAS



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WALLER BROS.



Plant Season Greetings

FROM WALLER BROTHERS

It is always with a sense of great responsibility that we face the opening of another plant season. We are proud of our record and the place that we have won in the opinion of growers the world over. It has not been easy to attain this reputation. We have survived unfavorable weather conditions and labor shortage years in the past—seasons in which it seemed that despite our best efforts we could not maintain those standards of service which have always been our established code.

Yet with all of this—with good years and bad—our files bulge with letters complimenting us on the high quality of the plants that we have so carefully grown and packed. In the beginning each of these satisfied customers did the only thing that we asked by giving us the opportunity to prove that we merit the name, "The Honest Plant Growers".

We would like to make many new friends this season. Remember that no order is too large or too small to receive our welcome and careful attention.

WALLER BROTHERS



Strawberry Collections

No. 1-\$2.75-Postpaid

50 Armore

50 Bellmar

50 Albritton

No. 2—\$5.50—Postpaid

100 Armore

100 Bellmar

100 Albritton

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No. 3—\$5.50—Postpaid

100 Blakemore

100 Robinson

100 Tennessean 965

-:--

No. 4—\$5.00—Postpaid (Everbearing Varieties)

50 Streamliner

50 Superfection

50 20th Century

HISTORY OF THE
TREE EVERBEARING BLACKBERRY

(The following description of this unusual plant has been furnished us by the originator.)

This new berry came into our possession as a seedling some seven years ago. After years of painstaking efforts, the undesirable plants have been taken out, now having a variety that comes true and exactly alike.

Due to the nature of their growth and over the long period of ripening, we have named it TREE EVERBEARING BLACKBERRY. It grows in any soil or climate, has stood twenty below zero without any injury.

Berries are round, very large, extra sweet, yet enough acid for jams and jellies. An excellent keeper, has to be picked only once a week. Plants are very thorny, but berries grow on a long fruit stem in clusters of seven to thirty berries. Ninety per cent of the fruit extending above the thorns. There being no berries on the market when they ripen, therefore its pos-

sibilities are unlimited as a commercial berry

Another feature why people prefer it: they grow up off the ground, ninety-five per cent are free from dirt regardless of the weather.

Rain must be in abundance or it must be planted where it can be watered. The undreamed of feature of this berry is that people in our towns and cities who have been deprived of fresh fruits may now grow all the berries they can use for pies, jams and jellies from six plants in their yard or small garden, taking no more care of them than a common shrub. From a two-year-old plant we have gathered three gallons or 24 pounds. Three-year-old plants have broken all records with a yield of 6 gallons of fruit from one plant.

Waller Brothers do not hesitate to recommend these plants as an excellent berry, as we fruited some of them the past five seasons with very satisfactory results.

Twentieth Century Everbearing

(Description by the Originator)

- 1. QUALITY: One of the highest quality berries grown today. Very low acid content. Classed with Rockhill for flavor and mildness.
- 2. SIZE: In size of fruit it ranks at the top. Remarkably large on the average considering its continuous production for a period of six months the same season the plants are set out.
- 3. FIRMNESS: Firmness and ability to stand commercial handling, makes it the first choice of the retail merchants.
- 4. HIGH PRODUCTION: 20th Century Everbearer is a vigorous disease resistant plant. No other kind can produce continuously the whole summer.
- 5. GOOD REPRODUCTION: A good plant maker. No longer is it necessary to buy plants every year to maintain your plot of everbearers.

Thornless Boysenberry

Vines are free of thorns which means much in handling. Ripens several days ahead of the thorny variety, which alone is a material advantage, as it gets your berries on the market while the prices are higher, and that often means a big difference in your profit. Canes are smooth as velvet. You can handle these canes with your bare hands and enjoy picking the large attractive fruit.

Dewberry - Blackberry

We are offering a new Dewberry - Blackberry cross this is most outstanding in its earliness, size and vigor. There are two strains of the cross. One which ripens right in behind the strawberry season, another which comes about 7 to 10 days later. The first of the berries is called Earli-Ness and has a value largely for the fresh market. The next one, known as Big-Ness, is extremely large and attractive in appearance and is the best berry that we have found for quick freezing. The multiplication is similar to that of the Young and Boysenberry. In addition to the commercial angle of this berry, it has great possibilities for special home garden sales at a fancy price. We have only a very limited amount of these plants for sale.

The Streamliner

Everbearing originated in Northeastern Oregon. Berries are extremely large and hold their size well through the season. They are almost round in shape, attractive, smooth, deep gloss red in color, very sweet, requiring little sugar, delicious in flavor and highly aromatic. They are very firm and stand up better than GEM.

Superfection

Superfection was originated by the plant breeder who discovered Gem. The berries of Superfection ripen from July until frost. The fruit is firm, good for shipping and the berries continue of good size as the season progresses. You will not be disappointed in this everbearing variety. Waller Brothers say that this is the best everbearing on our list.

PLANTING AND CULTURE OF VINE BERRIES

The best time to set our plants is as early in the spring as the ground is workable. Plants should be set in rows 8 or 9 feet each way.

Planting Promptly: Plants should be set as soon as received. If they appear dry when received, place in water to soak for a few minutes. If ground is not ready, hill them in furrow; shelter from sun until ground is ready for plants.

Fertilizing: If the soil is deficient in humus and plant food, barnyard manure can advantageously be applied before the initial plowing and then thoroughly worked into the soil before the plants are set out. Do not put any fertilizer under the hill when planting, as that will burn them up. However, owing to the heavy cane growth and abundant fruiting of these berries, they should be fertilized to provide the plant food necessary,

preferably in late fall or early spring.

Trellising: The canes should be put on wires just before the buds begin opening in the spring. First wire should be 30 inches off ground and the second year you should add another wire some 15 inches above the first. You should do this for the reason of a much heavier growth of vines for the second year.

Pruning: Each spring new canes will start growing for the bearing of the following year's crop. We advise the removing of these canes when they are 12 inches to two feet in height. In other words, raising one crop at a time, first the berry crop, and then the cane crop for the next year's bearing. Then, when the berry crop is finished and the canes that have been bearing are cut off, the new canes are allowed to grow on the ground as the first summer.

— Over 100 Acres Strawberry Plants Under Irrigation —

Guarantee

You are fully protected when you buy WALLER BROTHERS' quality berry plants. We place the following guarantee upon every plant we sell:

- 1. We guarantee the vitality and purity of our plants to the full amount of purchase price.
- 2. We guarantee our plants to be double state inspected and disease-free.
- 3. We guarantee our plants to pass inspection by any duly authorized state or federal inspector.
- 4. We guarantee the safe delivery of our plants to any destination in the United States.
- We guarantee you full and complete satisfaction or your money refunded.

However, as yield is controlled to some extent by soil, weather conditions, and method of cultivation, under no condition shall WALLER BROS. be held liable for production, nor in any case shall we be liable for more than the original cost of the plants.

Gem

From our own experience over many years we consider Gem a much better everbearer than Mastodon for the production of good fall berries the same year plants are set. Not only will Gem produce more berries in

late summer and fall, but they are better berries, brighter, more attractive, more uniform in shape and usually as good in size and quality.

Brilliant Super Everbearing Strawberry

Plant Patent No. 1183—Looking for a very heavy producer? Try Brilliant. Tests show 7,000 quarts from one acre in the very first year. It produces large, glossy berries in a few weeks after planting and keeps right on producing until fall. Often called the Super-Bearer, Brilliant is a bright, glistening berry sure to please you with its outstanding production of big crops during months when strawberries are but a fond June memory. Brilliant rates as a good freezer.

PRICES ARE POST PAID

12 25 50 100 250 500 1,000 \$1.75 \$3.25 \$5.75 \$9.95 \$18.75 \$42.85 \$75.00

Red Rich Everbearing Strawberry



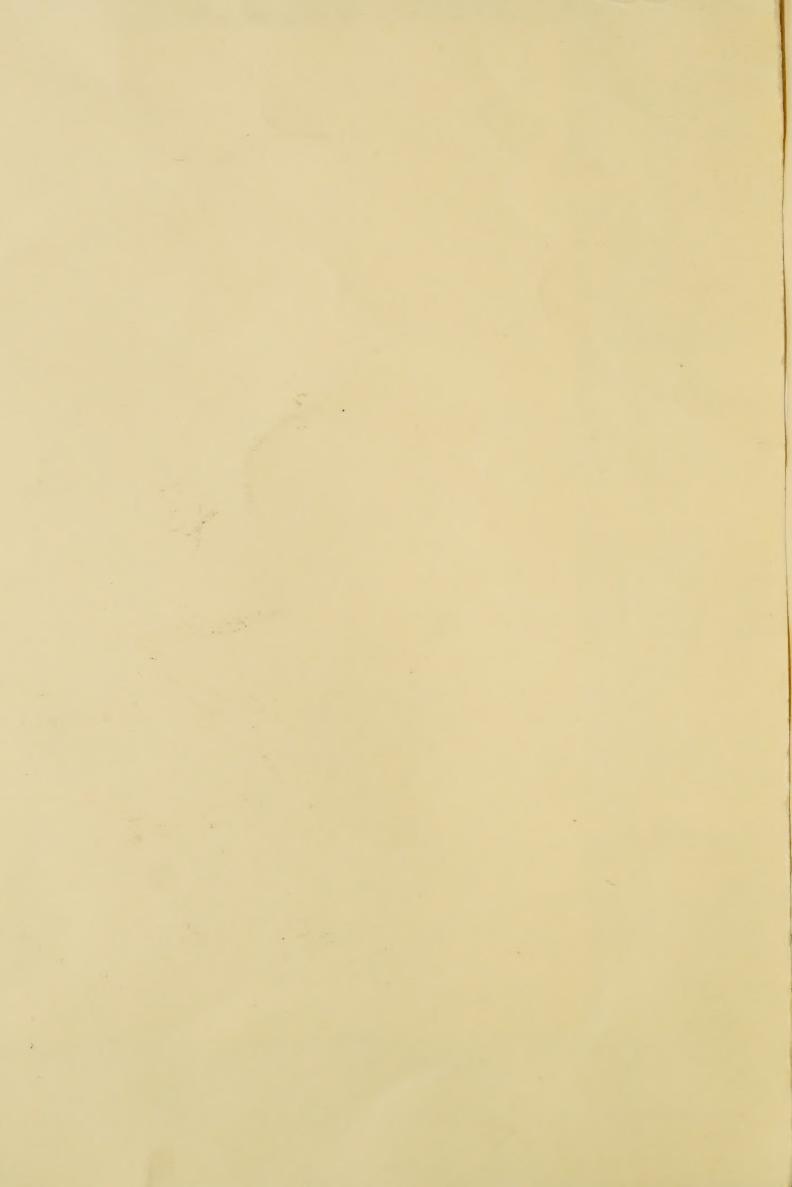
Red Rich is a Plant Patent No. 933. This variety is a hybrid of the WAYZATA Everbearing Variety, and FAIRFAX and is the result of over 15,000 seedlings. RED RICH is the best everbearing variety of the day by the University of Illinois test. They say of the 29 everbearing varieties tested last season RED

RICH is by far the best. RED RICH is unsurpassed as a freezing berry. Firm and deep red clear through, does not mush up when thawed out. Being honey-sweet it requires little sugar. RED RICH is a large rugged plant. Starts to bear 60 days after set out. You will be pleased with this variety.

POST PAID PRICES

12 25 50 100 250 500 \$2.95 \$5.00 \$8.50 \$15.00 \$32.50 \$55.00





Albritton

Armore

Crossing the Aroma and Blakemore strawberry has produced what many Missouri strawberry growers consider the perfect variety. Named ARMORE by the originator, H. S. Swartut of the University of Missouri. The variety has been tested extensively in he important growing areas of the state. The berries are large size, bright red in color and are very firm. Plants are strong and vigorous and are prolific producers of quality fruit that promise to make an important place or the new variety on the market. The yield has been is much as 100 crates per acre more than the nearest competing variety which is Blakemore. Fruit begins ipening a few days later than the Blakemore and plants continue to produce after all the Aroma berries are harvsted. In contrast to many varieties the size remains uniformly large even to the last picking. Our supply of hese plants is very limited, however, Waller Brothers would be very glad for your area.

Bellmar

A FANCY EARLY SHIPPING BERRY

The Bellmar has a number of qualities which make it outstanding in any list of strawberries. In some instances this berry has been reported to yield as high as 5,000 quarts to the acre.

As compared with Premier the plants are more vigorous and produce more freely; the blossoms are perfect, ripening almost a week earlier than Premier and fruiting about as long. They are firmer than Premier and not so acid as Missionary. They rank high in dessert quality. The Bellmar plant growth is bright glossy green. The berries are a luscious bright red. Their bright green caps gives them a very effective appearance. This, together with their large size, makes them one of the most beautiful berries we have ever grown.

Blakemore

Our "Number One" berry this year. The Blakemore has been successfully grown from Maryland to California. Ninety-nine per cent of the berries shipped from White County, Arkansas, the largest berry growing district in the country, are Blakemore.

The Blakemore is firmer than either of its parents. It will not puff and become soft during hot, moist weather. It will not bleed unless given unnecessary abuse and unlike many other early berries, it retains its bright red coloring long after picking. This fact, coupled with its earliness, gives it a great advantage in the wholesale markets.

Senator Dunlap

An old favorite garden and canning variety in many sections of Northern and Central States. DUNLAP's greatest advantage is good growth and production under almost any condition. Very free bedding and productive of medium, dark red fruit for table purposes.

Dewberry - Blackberry

VINE BERRIES

Klondyke

This variety comes from Louisiana where the growers have been growing it for the past eleven years, and many for them have discarded all other varieties claiming Klonfore is superior to Blakemore and Klondyke for earliess, prolific bearing, as well as its delicious flavor. Slondykes are good shippers — Blakemores are disease esistant. The two were crossed and up came this wonderful berry — The Klonmore. It is a good shipper, lisease resistant and a high yielder as well. This berry as an incomparable taste, flavor and rich coloring ssential to the American springtime appetite. The old standby for shipping to distant markets, lapted to southern planting, berries medium to large, tractive red, flesh very firm and red to the core. Medmin quality, good plant maker, and yields good crops. Klonmore

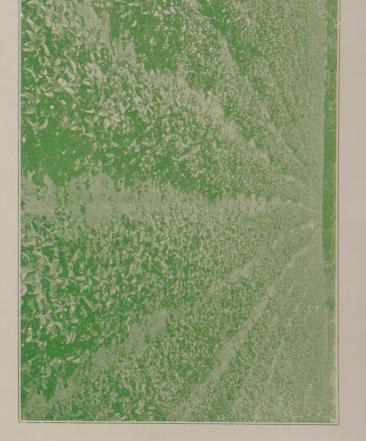
The Missionary, even after a quarter of a century of extensive planting is still outstanding in yield and plant vigor. We ship millions of Missionary plants to Florida and the Gulf Coast annually.

This old variety is an excellent plant maker, doing well on soil too sandy for other varieties. It is free from rust, a vigorous grower and produces an average yield of high-quality berries.

We take great pride in the quality of our Missionary. We believe that we grow and sell more plants of this variety than any other plant dealer in the United States. Missionary

Robinson

This is a comparatively new variety being given fav-ble comment from many Michigan plant growers. e berries are generally large size, bright red color. It ms to be a very good plant maker, and the foliage is althy. The fruit begins ripening approximately one ek later than Premier.



The Tennessee Beauty is a scientific cross between the Premier and Missionary berry. Its vigorous growth, firmness and radiant color makes it one of .he most productive berries grown. Tests have shown that it may replace the Aroma or Catskill as a late berry with some growers. It rates very high as a berry for freezing and is well worth trying in the southern and lower middle states. Since this berry is a patented variety we sell to you with the understanding that you are not to sell them

Tennessean 965

This is a new variety originated at the West Tennessee Experiment Station and is a cross made by J. P. Overcash with two Tennessee developed varieties. It blossoms late and ripens early. Its long-shaped, glossy, attractive fruit appeals to the casual observer. Time of blossoming is somewhat later than that for Blakemore which often results in less cold injury. The late blooming combined with early ripening of this berry will appeal to many strawberry growers.

A yield plot of this strawberry in 1947 produced 382 crates per acre compared with 344 crates for the Tennessee Shipper and 325 for the Blakemore on nearby plots.

Shipping tests made in 1947 indicate that the Tennessean 965 is acceptable for handling and marketing. This strawberry runs somewhat larger than the Blakemore. It packs 84 per box; the Blakemore 99; and Tennessee Shipper 111.

Tennessean appears about the equal of the Blakemore as a plant maker. A very large number of runner plants develop and the rows are filled out.

New Florida No. 90 Berry

The Florida 90, developed for growing in this area, is said to be one of the best producing plants of the many varieties available. The 90 produces a berry that is red all through, and not white inside as the Missionary variety planted here for many years. The 90 also produce a long berry instead of the short, plump Missionary, and grows the berries under top leaves of the plant, affording protection from frost and cold. The 90 was developed for this section and promises to be a life-saver in the next few seasons for this vast strawberry-growing area.

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INSTRUCTIONS
WHEN TO ORDER: Your order may be placed at any time during the year for delivery any time between October 20 and April 20. No order will be shipped before October 20 and orders shipped after April 20 will be at purchaser's risk.

may remit by Money Order, Bank Draft, or cash in Registered Letter. Postage stamps will be accepted on orders of \$2.00 or less. We prefer money order.

PACKING: We pack all plants according to the most approved scientific methods, and we make no extra charge for this packing.

REFERENCE: Dunn & Bradstreet, Farmers & Merchants Bank, Judsonia, or any Waller Customer.

in securing any part of Portable Sprinkler type irrigation, please TERRITORY.

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JAMES WALLER

THE CULTURE OF STRAWBERRY PLANTS

soil Requirements and Site: Strawberries are one of the easist of the fruits to grow and there is but one scoret method which will assure success. It is simply good land, and good sense have success. It is simply good land, and good sense have yaverage garden soil can be expected to produce a satisfactory crop of both plants and produce a satisfactory crop of both plants and produce to a satisfactory crop of both plants and truit. However, the ideal soil for strawberries is a fertile, deep, well drained sandy loam. All the different types of soil are made more suit to the different types of soil are made more suit to the different types of soil are made more suit able by adding organic matter, either in the form of barnyard manure of green manure creases the water-holding capacity, and moisture is very essential for maximum production. In regions where late frosts are frequent, much care should be taken in the selection of a site for the plants. A southern slope being warmer will make for an early start in much earlier, but for that reason is more subject to late frosts. A northern slope will of course be later, but feet plants to bear fruit much earlier, but for that reason is more subject to late frosts. A northern slope will of course be later, but feet plants to bear fruit much earlier, but for that reason is more subject to late frosts. A northern slope will of course be later, but feet plants are not usually a serious hinderance, many fields of low elevation are good locations for strawberries.

Preparation of Soil: It is very important that the soil be properly prepared. The land should be planting bed is formed. The rows can then be marked and the plants and the under the soil is disced thoroughly before it is plowed. Next a harrow can be used to that a soft level plants of the plants and often it is played to a soil to the plants and often it is played to a soil to the plants of the plants and often it is

Time To Set Plants: Early spring is the best time to plant strawberries, for even light frosts which do not lift or heave the ground do not injure the plants. In the early spring the buds of the plants are in an inactive state, and the weather is most favorable to their getting a strong rapid start.

Distance To Set Plants: Plants should be set in rows 3 or the plant, or even as much as 4½ fee: if the soil is very fertile. The plants can be set 15 to 30 makes (part in the plants) ing on the variety, the condition of land, earliness of setting, and the quality of plants.

Method of Setting Plants: A trowl, spade or hoe are the tools most often used in setting plants, and a good job can be done with them. It is important to have the roots straight down. Spreading them might help a little but not much. The crown must be held just at the surface of the ground so that when the soil is packed back against the roots with the hand or foot, the bud will not be covered nor the roots exposed.

Cultivation: The plants should be cultivated and hoed soon after they have started growth after being set out. It is important at the first hoeing to uncover the buds of any plants that may have been planted too deep. If this is not done early plants will die as a result. Cultivate often enough to keep the surface of the ground from becoming crusted and to keep down grass and weeds. It is not necessary to practice deep cultivation. A depth of 1 to 1½ inches is deep enough for the hoe, or perhaps slightly deeper with the cultivator. Remember that one cultivation made in time is much more helpful that two made after grass and weeds become bad. Frequent hoeing and plowing make larger, stronger fruiting beds and a better crop of berries.

Cutting Blossoms: Fruit stems usually appear on strawberry plants soon after they are set in the field. These blossoms should be removed as the production of fruit is a severe strain on their vitality. This aids the plants in overcoming unfavorable conditions and in starting growth and

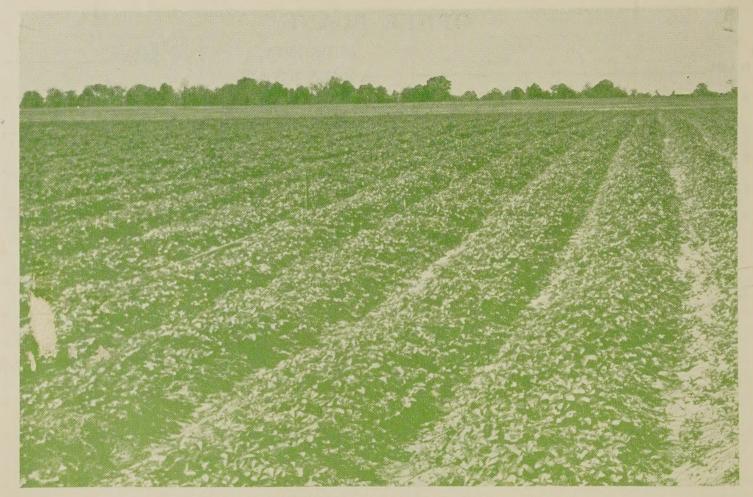
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1 Plant—\$1.00	3 Plants—\$1.00	50 Plants-\$4.00	Gem. (Superfection, Streamliner	Albritton Armore Bellmar Blakemore Klondyke Klonmore Missionary Robinson Tennessean 965 Tennessee Beauty Dunlap Dunlap Dunlap Florida No. 90
TREE EVERBEARING BLACKBERRIES (Post Paid) 3 Plants—\$2.75 6 Plants—\$5.00	DEWBERRY-BLACKBERRY (Post Paid) 6 Plants—\$1.75	12 Plants — \$1.50 (Post Paid) 100 Plants—\$7.00 (Not Paid) 500 P	EVERBEARING VARIETIES 3.00 (Superfection, Streamliner and 20th Century offered in our Collection No. 4 on reverse side of Price List.) BOYSENBEARING VARIETIES 10.00 10.00 18.50 10.00	((100) \$3.00 2.
		0	VARIETIES 6.50 10.00 our Collection No. 4 on revers B E R R Y	(250) \$5.00 \$5.00 \$7.50 \$7
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A BLOCK OF OUR IRRIGATED MISSIONARY

